

$$\textcircled{3} \quad (a) \rightarrow \text{II}$$

$$(b) \rightarrow \text{IV}$$

$$(c) \rightarrow \text{I}$$

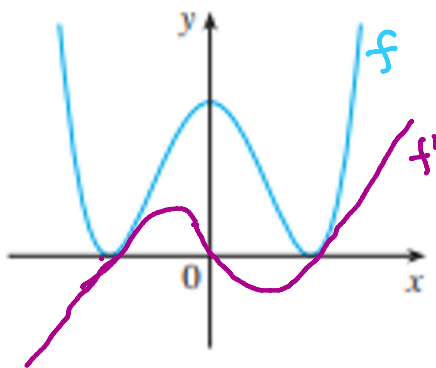
$$(d) \rightarrow \text{III}$$

$\textcircled{4}$

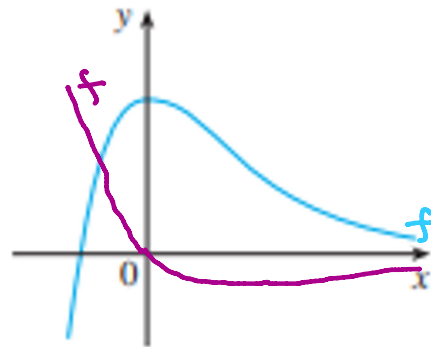
and

$\textcircled{5}$

4.



5.



$$\textcircled{21} \quad f(x) = 3x - 8$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(x+h) - 8 - (3x - 8)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x + 3h - 8 - 3x + 8}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3h}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 3 = 3.$$

$$\text{Domain}(f) = (-\infty, \infty) = \text{Domain}(f')$$

$$\textcircled{27} \quad g(x) = \sqrt{9-x}$$

$$D(f) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 9-x \geq 0\}$$

$$= \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 9 \geq x\}$$

$$= (-\infty, 9]$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9-(x+h)} - \sqrt{9-x}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{9-x-h} - \sqrt{9-x}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{9-x-h} - \sqrt{9-x})(\sqrt{9-x-h} + \sqrt{9-x})}{h(\sqrt{9-x-h} + \sqrt{9-x})}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{9-x-h})^2 - (\sqrt{9-x})^2}{h(\sqrt{9-x-h} + \sqrt{9-x})}$$

$$\parallel \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{9 - x - h - (9 - x)}{h(\sqrt{9 - x - h} + \sqrt{9 - x})}$$

$$\parallel \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{9 - x - h - 9 + x}{h(\sqrt{9 - x - h} + \sqrt{9 - x})}$$

$$\parallel \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-h}{h(\sqrt{9 - x - h} + \sqrt{9 - x})}$$

$$\parallel \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{\sqrt{9 - x - h} + \sqrt{9 - x}}$$

$$\parallel \frac{-1}{\sqrt{9 - x - 0} + \sqrt{9 - x}}$$

$$\parallel \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{9 - x}}$$
$$\parallel$$

$$D(f') = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 9 - x > 0\}$$

$$= \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 9 > x\}$$

$$= (-\infty, 9).$$

$$\textcircled{29} G(t) = \frac{1-2t}{3+t}$$

$$D(G) = \{t \in \mathbb{R}: 3+t \neq 0\}$$

$$= \{t \in \mathbb{R}: t \neq -3\}$$

$$= (-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$$

$$f'(t) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{G(t+h) - G(t)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1-2(t+h)}{3+(t+h)} - \frac{1-2t}{3+t}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1-2t-2h}{3+t+h} - \frac{1-2t}{3+t}}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(3+t)(1-2t-2h) - (1-2t)(3+t+h)}{(3+t)(3+t+h)} \div \frac{h}{1}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3-6t-6h+t-2t^2-2th - (3+t+h-6t-2t^2-2th)}{h(3+t)(3+t+h)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3-5t-6h-2t^2-2th - (3-5t+h-2t^2-2th)}{h(3+t)(3+t+h)}$$

$$= \dots = 1+t-h+2t^2+2th$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 - 5t - 6h - 2t^2 - 2th - 3 + 5t - h + 2t^2 + 2th}{h(3+t)(3+t+h)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-6h - h}{h(3+t)(3+t+h)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(-7)}{h(3+t)(3+t+h)}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-7}{(3+t)(3+t+h)}$$

$$= \frac{-7}{(3+t)(3+t+0)} = \frac{-7}{(3+t)^2}$$

$$D(G') = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : (3+t)^2 \neq 0\}$$

$$= \{x \in \mathbb{R} : (3+t) \neq 0\}$$

$$= \{x \in \mathbb{R} : t \neq -3\}$$

$$= (-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, \infty)$$

$$= D(G)$$