## Calculus Review problem bank

1. Find all solutions $(x, y)$ to the following:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
x y-x+2 y=2 \\
x^{2}+5 x+4 y=0
\end{array}
$$

2. Let $g(x)=\ln \left(\frac{x^{2}}{\sin x}\right)$. Find $g^{\prime}(x)$.
3. Find the tangent line to $f(x)=x e^{x}$ at $x=2$.
4. Let $h(x)=2 x^{3}-9 x^{2}+12 x-\pi^{2}$. Find the critical points of $h(x)$ and classify them as local max, local min, or neither.
5. Find $\int \frac{x^{2}+3 x-2}{x} d x$.
6. For $x>0$, find $\frac{d}{d x}\left(\int_{\sqrt{x}}^{x^{2}} \sin \left(t^{2}\right) d t\right)$.
7. Find $\int \frac{2}{e^{x}+2} d x$.
8. Find the volume of the solid formed by spinning the region $0 \leqslant x \leqslant \frac{\pi}{4}$ and $0 \leqslant y \leqslant \tan (x)$ around the $x$-axis.
9. Find the second order Taylor polynomial of $f(x)=\arctan x$ centered at $x=0$.
10. Write $r=2 \sin \theta$ in Cartesian coordinates and sketch the curve.
