Financial Mathematics

MATH 5870/6870¹ Fall 2021

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Last updated on

October 27, 2021

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Based on Robert L. McDonald's Derivatives Markets, 3rd Ed, Pearson, 2013.

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An exotic option, or nonstandard option, is simply an option with some contractual difference from standard options.

> Exotic options solve particular business problems that an ordinary option do not.

They are often constructed by tweaking ordinary options in minor ways.

Questions

- ▶ How does the exotic payoff compare to that of a standard option?
- ▶ Can the exotic option be approximated by a portfolio of other options?
- ▶ Is the exotic option cheap or expensive relative to standard options?
- ▶ What is the rationale for the use of the exotic option?
- ► How easily can the exotic option be hedged?

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The payoff of an Asian option is based on the average price over some period of time.

- ▶ It is less valuable than otherwise equivalent ordinary options.
- ▶ It is path-dependent.

Situations when Asian options are useful:

- ▶ When a business cares about the average exchange rate over time
- ▶ When a single price at a point in time might be subject to manipulation
- ▶ When price swings are frequent due to thin markets

Eight possible Asian options:

 $\{Call, Put\} \times \{Arithmetic, Geometric\} \times \{Average Price, Average Strike\}$

• Arithmetic Average: $A(T) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} S_{ih}$.

Geometric Average: $G(T) = \left(\prod_{i=1}^{N} S_{ih}\right)^{1/N}$.

Eight possible Asian options:

 $\{Call, Put\} \times \{Arithmetic, Geometric\} \times \{Average Price, Average Strike\}$

Arithmetic average price call = $\max(0, A(T) - K)$ Arithmetic average price put = $\max(0, K - A(T))$ Arithmetic average strike call = $\max(0, S_T - A(T))$ Arithmetic average strike put = $\max(0, A(T) - S_T)$ Eight possible Asian options:

 $\{Call, Put\} \times \{Arithmetic, Geometric\} \times \{Average Price, Average Strike\}$

Geometric average price call = $\max(0, G(T) - K)$ Geometric average price put = $\max(0, K - G(T))$ Geometric average strike call = $\max(0, S_T - G(T))$ Geometric average strike put = $\max(0, G(T) - S_T)$

Comparing Asian options

Example 14.2-1 Reproduce the numbers in the following table:

TABLE 14.1		Premiums of at-the-money geometric average price and geometric average strike calls and puts, for different numbers of prices averaged, N. The case $N = 1$ for the average price options is equivalent to Black-Scholes values. Assumes $S = $ \$40, $K =$ \$40, $r = 0.08$, $\sigma = 0.3$, $\delta = 0$, and $t = 1$.			
		Average Price (\$)		Average Strike (\$)	
	Ν	Call	Put	Call	Put
	1	6.285	3.209	0.000	0.000
	2	4.708	2.645	2.225	1.213
	3	4.209	2.445	2.748	1.436
	5	3.819	2.281	3.148	1.610
	10	3.530	2.155	3.440	1.740
	50	3.302	2.052	3.668	1.843
	1000	3.248	2.027	3.722	1.868
	∞	3.246	2.026	3.725	1.869

Solution. Bonus problem...

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The barrier option has the payoff that depends on whether over the option life the underlying price reaches a specified level.

▶ Path-dependent

Since barrier puts and calls never pay more than standard puts and calls, they are no more expensive than standard puts and calls

▶ Widely used in practice

Types of Barrier Options

1. Knock-out options: Go out of existence

down-and-out: if the asset price falls to reach the barrier up-and-out: if the asset price rises to reach the barrier

2. Knock-in options: Come into existence

down-and-in: if the asset price falls to reach the barrier up-and-in: if the asset price rises to reach the barrier

3. Rebate options: make a fixed payment if the asset price reaches the barrier

down rebates: if the asset price falls to reach the barrier up rebates: if the asset price rises to reach the barrier $\underbrace{\{\operatorname{down},\operatorname{up}\}}_{\operatorname{Knock}}\times\{\operatorname{in},\operatorname{out}\}\times\{\operatorname{call},\operatorname{put}\}$

Knock-in option + Knock-out option = Normal option

Down-and-in call + Down-and-out call = Standard call Down-and-in put + Down-and-out put = Standard put

> Up-and-in call + Up-and-out call = Standard call Up-and-in put + Up-and-out put = Standard put

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Problems: 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4, 14.5, 14.6.

Due Date: TBA