**Financial Mathematics** 

MATH 5870/6870<sup>1</sup> Fall 2021

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on Robert L. McDonald's *Derivatives Markets*, 3rd Ed, Pearson, 2013.

# Chapter 10. Binomial Option Pricing: Basic Concepts

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- § 10.1 A one-period Binomial tree
- $\$  10.2 Constructing a Binomial tree
- $\$  10.3 Two or more binomial periods
- § 10.4 Put options
- § 10.5 American options
- $\$  10.6 Options on other assets
- $\$  10.7 Problems

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#### FIGURE 10.4

Binomial tree for pricing a European call option; assumes S = \$41.00, K = $$40.00, \sigma = 0.30, r = 0.08, T = 2.00$  years,  $\delta = 0.00$ , and h = 1.000. At each node the stock price, option price,  $\Delta$ , and *B* are given. Option prices in **bold italic** signify that exercise is optimal at that node.



#### ▶ The option price is greater for the 2-year than for the 1-year option

- ▶ The option was priced by working **backward** through the binomial tree.
- ▶ The option's  $\Delta$  and B are different at different nodes. At a given point in time,  $\Delta$  increases to 1 as we go further into the money
- ▶ Permitting early exercise would make no difference. At every node prior to expiration, the option price is greater than S-K; hence, we would not exercise even if the option had been American.

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Dividing the time to expiration into more periods allows us to generate a more realistic tree with a larger number of different values at expiration.

