### Financial Mathematics

MATH 5870/6870<sup>1</sup> Fall 2021

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on Robert L. McDonald's *Derivatives Markets*. 3rd Ed. Pearson. 2013.

# Chapter 3. Insurance, Collars, and Other Strategies

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- § 3.1 Basic insurance strategies
- § 3.2 Put-call parity
- $\S$  3.3 Spreads and collars
- § 3.4 Speculating on volatility
- § 3.5 Problems

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- § 3.4 Speculating on volatility
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#### Options can be

- 1. Used to insure long positions (floors)
- 2. Used to insure short positions (caps)
- 3. Written against asset positions (selling insurance)

Covered call writing

Covered put writing

Four positions

positions w.r.t. asset	put option	call option
long	purchased (floor)	written
short	written	purchased $(cap)$

Buying insurance	Selling insurance			
floor = buying a put option	Covered put writing			
cap = buying a call option	Covered call writing			

### We will work under the following setup

### ${\rm S\&S}$ index

index price today	\$1,000
6-month interest rate	2%
premium for 1000-strike 6-month call	\$93.809
premium for 1000-strike 6-month put	\$74.201

# Insuring a long position – Floors

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owning a home owning a stock index insuring the house buying a put (floor)
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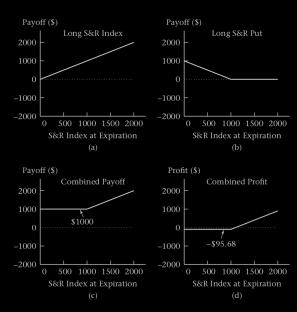
Goal: to insure against a fall in the price of the underlying asset.

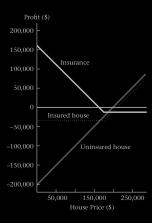
Example 3.1-1 Under the following scenario, compute the combined profit of insuring a long position via buying a put for the following S&R index.

index price today	\$1,000
6-month interest rate	2%
premium for 1000-strike 6-month put	\$74.201
index price at expiration	\$900

#### Solution.

$$\underbrace{\$900 - \$1,000 \times 1.02}_{\text{profit on S\&R index}} + \underbrace{\$1,000 - \$900 - \$74.201 \times 1.02}_{\text{profit on put}} = -\$95.68.$$





# Insuring a short position — Caps

If we have a short position in the S&R index, we experience a loss when the index rises.

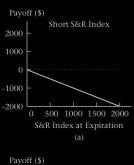
We can insure a short position by purchasing a call option (cap) to protect against a higher price of repurchasing the index.

Example 3.1-2 Under the following scenario, compute the combined profit for insuring a short position via buying a call of the following S&R index.

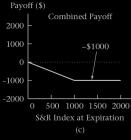
index price today	\$1,000
6-month interest rate	2%
premium for 1000-strike 6-month call	\$93.809
index price at expiration	\$1,100

Solution.

$$$1,000 \times 1.02$$$
 -  $$93.809 \times 1.02$$  -  $$1,000$  = -\$75.685. future value of short S&R index FV of premium for call exercise the call option









### Selling insurance

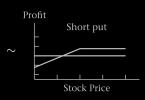
For	every	insurance	buyer	there	$\operatorname{must}$	be	an	insurance	selle

### Strategies used to sell insurance

- ► Covered writing (option overwriting or selling a covered call) is writing an option when there is a corresponding long position in the underlying asset.
- ▶ Naked writing is writing an option when the writer does not have a position in the asset.

### Covered call writing

Long position of the asset + Sell a call option



### Covered put writing

Short position of the asset + Sell a put option



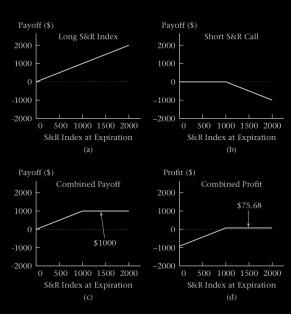
## Covered call writing

Example 3.1-3 Under the following scenario, compute the combined profit for writing a covered call for S&R index.

index price today	\$1,000
6-month interest rate	2%
premium for 1000-strike 6-month call	\$93.809
index price at expiration	\$1,100

### Solution.

$$\underbrace{\$1,100-\$1,000\times 1.02}_{\text{profit on S\&R index}} + \underbrace{\$1,000-\$1,100+\$93.809\times 1.02}_{\text{profit on written call}} = \$75.68.$$



## Covered put writing

Example 3.1-4 Under the following scenario, compute the combined profit for writing a covered put for S&R index.

index price today	\$1,000
6-month interest rate	2%
premium for 1000-strike 6-month put	\$74.201
index price at expiration	\$900

### Solution.

$$\underbrace{\$1,000\times 1.02 -\$900}_{\text{profit on selling S&R index}} + \underbrace{\$900 -\$1,000 +\$74.201\times 1.02}_{\text{profit on written put}} = \$95.685.$$

