**Presentations07**

**The Beginning of Infinitesimal Calculus**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Topic/Exercise** | **Presenter** |  |
| 1 | Find the Maclaurin expansion for , and . Then substitute *x ← ix* to obtain the identity ; then repeat with *x ← -ix* to get another identity; finally solve two equations in two unknowns to get and in terms of and  |  |  |
| 2 | Consider the equation . Set up two equations in and and find real numbers that satisfy the equations. This will calculate . |  |  |
| 3 | Prove de Moivre’s theorem:Where . Hint: use induction. |  |  |
| 4 | Look up the hyperbolic trig functions, sinh and cosh; prove the identity: |  |  |
| 5 | Prove that the sum of all the elements in a row of Pascal’s triangle is an integral power of 2. Hint: try induction. |  |  |
| 6 | Use the fact thatto obtain the identity  |  |  |
| 7 | In your textbook select some problems to do from the section on the history of the development of the infinitesimal calculus. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |